BALANCE SHEET As at June 30, 2025

				Unit: VND
Item	Code	Notes	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
A. CURRENT ASSEST	100		188.366.499.172	165.660.193.121
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	19.445.199.415	8.258.746.114
1. Cash	111	1 22	19.445.199.415	8.258.746.114
2. Cash equivalents	112		231113.133.113	6.236.740.114
II. Short-term Financial Investments	120		100.000.000.000	140.000.000.000
1. Trading Securities	121			
2. Provision for Decline in Value of	122			
Trading Securities (*)		-]		807
3. Held-to-Maturity Investments	123	V.2	100.000.000.000	140.000.000.000
III. Short-term Receivables	130	=	58.246.140.095	4.477.652.561
1. Short-term Trade Receivables	131	V.3	1.620.673.330	806.669.982
2. Short-term Advances to Suppliers	132		18.368.960.597	1.955.018.551
3. Short-term Internal Receivables	133			-
4. Receivables from Construction Contracts Progress	134			≈ 8
5. Short-term Loan Receivables	135			_
6. Other Short-term Receivables	136	V.4	38.256.506.168	1.745.498.095
7. Provision for Doubtful Short-term Receivables (*)	137			(29.534.067)
8. Assets in Dispute Awaiting Resolution	139	lu lu		= = = =
IV. Inventories	140	V.5	3.271.269.824	2.539.351.266
1. Inventories	141		3.271.269.824	2.539.351.266
2. Provision for Decline in Inventory Value (*)	149		SH ROLDEGO SALAMAN SOMEOCHARANTY BU	
V. Other Current Assets	150		7.403.889.838	10.384.443.180
1. Short-term Prepaid Expenses	151		4.509.960.394	7.533.858.469
2. Deductible Value-Added Tax	152		2.791.756.874	2.850.584.711
3. Taxes and Other Receivables from the State	153	V.10	102.172.570	-
4. Repurchase Agreements of	154			~
Government Bonds 5. Other Current Assets	155			_
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		64.037.293.196	40 722 271 400
I, Long-term Receivables	210		04.037.293.190	49.732.271.499
1, Long-term Trade Receivables	211			-
2, Long-term Advances to Suppliers	212			B)
3, Operating capital at Subsidiares	213			## ###
4, Long-term Internal Receivables	214			-
5, Long-term Loan Receivables	215		1.5	_
6, Other Long-term Receivables	216			₩.(1
7, Provision for Doubtful Long-term Receivables (*)	219			-



BALANCE SHEET (NEXT) As at June 30, 2025

Onti. FIVD				
Item	Code	Notes	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
II, Fix Assests	220		14.767.592.111	14.086.677.658
1, Tangible Fixed Assets	221	V.6	14.395.416.794	13.617.835.669
- Historical Cost	222		54.463.943.163	52.283.034.072
- Accumulated Depreciation (*)	223		(40.068.526.369)	(38.665.198.403)
2, Finance Lease Assets	224			(= 0.000.170.103)
- Historical Cost	225			_
- Accumulated Depreciation (*)	226			2
3, Intangible Fixed Assets	227	V.7	372.175.317	468.841.989
- Historical Cost	228		1.829.648.000	1.829.648.000
- Accumulated Amortization (*)	229		(1.457.472.683)	(1.360.806.011)
III, Investment Properties	230			
- Historical Cost	231			×
- Accumulated Depreciation	232			-
IV, Long-term Assests in Progress	240			
1, Long-term Work in Progress Costs	241			-
2, Construction in Progress Costs	242			
V, Long-term Financial Investments	250		7.500.000.000	7 500 000 000
1, Investments in Subsidiaries	251		7.300.000.000	7.500.000.000
2, Investments in Joint Ventures and	252			
Associates	202			
3, Investments in Other Entities	253	V.2	7.500.000.000	7.500.000.000
4, Provision for Long-term Financial	254	,	7.500.000.000	7.200.000.000
Investments (*)				
5, Held-to-Maturity Investments	255			
VI, Other Non-Current Assets	260		41.769.701.085	28.145.593.841
1, Long-term Prepaid Expenses	261	V.8	41.558.303.348	27.590.426.720
2, Deferred Tax Assets	262		211.397.737	555.167.121
3, Long-term Spare Parts and Equipment	263			555.107.121
4, Other Non-Current Assets	268			-
TOTAL ASSESTS	270		252.403.792.368	215.392.464.620

BALANCE SHEET (NEXT) As at June 30, 2025

Item	Code	Notes	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
C, LIABILITIES	300		186.917.538.575	138.307.423.179
I, Short-term Liabilities	310		186.917.538.575	138.307.423.179
1, Short-term Trade Payables	311	V.9	13.380.563.896	15.458.726.199
2, Short-term Advances from Customers	312	1	8.996.193.937	10.121.452.365
3, Taxes and Other Payables to the State	313	V.10	411.555.061	571.111.187
4, Payables to Employees	314		7.550.178.277	7.012.218.110
5, Short-term Accrued Expenses	315		20.656.551.439	3.052.411.810
6, Short-term Internal Payables	316			
7, Payables for Construction Progress in	317			
Accordance with Contract Plan				
8, Short-term Deferred Revenue	318			
9, Other Short-term Payables	319	V.11	129.805.620.109	99.879.574.615
10, Short-term Borrowings and Finance	320			
Lease Liabilities				
11, Short-term Provisions	321			
12, Bonus and Welfare Fund	322		6.116.875.856	2.211.928.893
13, Price Stabilization Fund	323			19
14, Repurchase Agreements of Government Bonds	324			
II, Long-term Liabilities	330			
1, Long-term Trade Payables	331			udrija i
2, Long-term Advances from Customers	332			
B, Long-term Accrued Expenses	333			
4, Internal Payables on Business Capital	334			
5, Long-term Internal Payables	335	- 1		
5, Long-term Deferred Revenue	336			
7, Other Long-term Payables	337			
B, Long-term Borrowings and Finance Lease Liabilities	338			-
9, Convertible Bonds	339			
10, Preferred Shares	340			
1, Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	341			
2, Long-term Provisions	342			
3, Scientiic and Technological	343			
Development Fund				
D, EQUITY	400		65.486.253.793	77.085.041.441
I, Equity	410	V.12	65.486.253.793	77.085.041.441
, Owner's Equity	411		31.230.000.000	31.230.000.000
- Ordinary Shares carrying Voting	411a		31.230.000.000	31.230.000.000
Rights				
- Preferred Shares	411b			
2, Share Premium	412		440	8
S, Convertible Bond Option	413		- I	
1, Other Owner's Equity	414		-	2

BALANCE SHEET (NEXT)

As at June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

Item	Code	Notes	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
5, Treasury Shares (*)	415			
6, Revaluation Surplus	416			
7, Exchange Rate Difference	417			
8, Investment and Development fund	418		18.270.645.124	18.270.645.124
9, Enterprise Restructuring Fund	419			EQ.
10, Other Funds under Owner's Equity	420			***
11, Retained Earnings	421		15.985.608.669	27.584.396.317
- Retained earnings accumulated as of	421a		12.587.103.817	8.823.421.328
the end of the previous period				
- Retained earnings for the current	421b		3.398.504.852	18.760.974.989
period	Allo-Simbolis		V 20021 19920 V 4005-50.	
12, Basic construction investment capital	422			125
II, Funding source	430			_
1, Funding source	431			
2, Funding source used to acquire fixed	432			_
assets	132			
assets				
TOTAL SOURCE OF CAPITAL	440		252.403.792.368	215.392.464.620

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Ha Noi, date 10 month 7 year 2025

Nguyen Cao Tuong

Nguyen Van Minh

CÔ PHẨN
THƯƠNG MẠI
BIA
PHÀ NỘI
PHÀ NỘI

CÔNG TY

INCOME STATEMENT Q2 2025

Unit: VND

Item	Code	Notes	Q2 Current year	Q2 Prior year	Cumulative to 30/06/2025	Cumulative to 30/06/2024
Gross revenue from goods sold and services rendered	01	VI.1	504.940.743.110	485.973.824.480	685.185.731.727	645,951.873.504
2, Deductions	02		147.049.516	68.034.728	147.049.516	68.034.728
3, Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered	10		504.793.693.594	485.905.789.752	685.038.682.211	645.883.838.776
4, Cost of goods sold	11	VI.2	478.993.686.468	444.255.749.477	646.473.048.707	589.834.176.730
5. Gross revenue from goods sold and services rendered	20		25.800.007.126	41.650.040.275	38.565.633.504	56.049.662.046
6, Financial Income	21	VI.3	1.081.842.445	195.167.553	1.943.549.921	1.602.409.145
7, Financial Expense	22					
In which: Interest Expense	23					
8. Selling Expenses	24	VI.4	48.165.443.724	20.963.043.380	58.556.909.334	32.279.159.374
9. Administrative Expenses	25	VI.4	7.305.651.077	5.933.551.849	10.058.197.221	9.913.547.563
10, Net Operating Profit	30		(28.589.245.230)	14.948.612.599	(28.105.923.130)	15.459.364.254
11, Other Income	31	VI.5	32.358.687.049	428.774.338	32.363.029.697	450.921.245
12, Other Expenses	32	VI.6		4.513.410	7.180.402	4.513.410
13, Other Profit	40		32.358.687.049	424.260.928	32.355.849.295	446.407.835
14, Total accounting profit before tax	50		3.769.441.819	15.372.873.527	4.249.926.165	15.905.772.089
15, Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.7	411.555.061	2.300.072.239	507.651.929	2,406.651.949
Deferred corporate income tax expense	52		343.769.384	774.502.469	343.769.384	774.502.469
17, Net profit after corporate income tax	60		3.014.117.374	12.298.298.819	3.398.504.852	12.724.617.671
18, Basic earnings per share	70	VI.8	965	3.938	1.088	4.074
19, Diluted earnings per share	71	VI.8	965	3.938	1.088	4.074

Preparer

Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Chief Accountant

Nguyen Cao Fuong

Ha Noi, date 10 month 7 year 2025

CÔNG TỐE THƯƠNG MẠI BIA

HÀ NÔI

Nguyen Van Minh

CASH FLOW STATEMENT Q2 2025

Items	Code	Notes	Cumulative from	01/01 to 30/06
Items			2025	2024
I, Cash flow from operating activities				
1. Profit before tax	01		4.249.926.165	15.905.772.089
2. Adjustments for				
- Depreciation of fixed assets	02		1.499.994.638	1.458.652.854
- Provisions	03			
- Unrealized foreign exchange gains/losses	04			
- Gains/losses from investment activities	05		(1.943.549.921)	
- Interest expense	06		**	
- Other adjustments	07			
3. Profit from operations before changes in working capital	08		3.806.370.882	17.364.424.943
- Increase, decrease in Receivables	09		(55.651.972.250)	(8.061.030.720)
- Increase, decrease in Inventories	10		(731.918.558)	(1.431.063.871)
 Increase, decrease in Payables (Excluding accrued loan interest and income taxes payable) 	11		35.423.482.537	36.083.885.999
- Increase, decrease in Prepaid Expenses	12		(10.943.978.553)	(17.600.121.102)
- Increase/(decrease) in trading securities	13		(,	()
- Interest paid	14			
- Corporate income tax paid	15		(575.420.077)	(2.846.623.532)
- Other cash receipts from operating activities	16		(1.546.345.537)	(3.148.175.000)
- Other payments for operating activities	17			
Net cash generated by operating activities	20		(30.219.781.556)	20.361.296.717
II, Cash flow from investing activities				
 Acquisition and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets 	21		(2.180.909.091)	(1.830.959.798)
2. Proceeds from sale, disposal of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22			
3. Cash outflow for lending, buying debt instruments of other entities	23		(120.000.000.000)	(130.000.000.000)
4. Cash receipts from the recovery of from lending, selling debt instruments of other entities	24		160.000.000.000	135.000.000.000
5. Cash outflow for investments in equity of other entities	25			
6. Cash receipts from the recovery of investments in equity of other entities	26			
7. Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27		3.614.043.948	
Net cash used in investing activities	30		41.433.134.857	3.169.040.202



CASH FLOW STATEMENT (NEXT) Q2 2025

Unit: VND

Tarana	Code	Notes	Cumulative from 01/01 to 30/06		
Items	Couc	riotes	2025	2024	
III, Cash flow from financing activities					
Cash proceeds from the issuance of shares and contributions from owners	31				
 Cash payments for owners' contributions and repurchase of issued shares 	32				
2. Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings	33				
3. Cash payments for the repayment of loan principal	34				
4. Cash payments for finance lease liabilities	35				
5. Dividends and profits paid	36		(26.900.000)	(78.900.000)	
6. Net cash used financing activities	40		(26.900.000)	(78.900.000)	
Net cash flow for the year	50		11.186.453.301	23.451.436.919	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60		8.258.746.114	8.834.886.869	
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	61				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	70	V.1	19.445.199.415	32.286.323.788	

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Ha Noi, date 10 month 7 year 2025

Nguyen Cao Tuong

021 Giám đốc

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN

THƯƠNG MẠI

Nguyen Van Minh

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Q2 2025

I. BUSINESS OPERATIONS CHARACTERISTICS

1, Ownership Structure

Hanoi Beer Trading Joint Stock Company is a joint-stock company established under Business Registration Certificate No. 0103014976 dated December 8, 2006, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City, and the new Business Registration and Tax Registration Certificate No. 0102111943, amended for the 12th time on January 25, 2019.

The company's headquarters is located at 183 Hoang Hoa Tham Street, Ngoc Ha Ward, Ba Dinh District, Hanoi City, Vietnam.

2, Business Field

The company operates in the field of trade services.

3, Business Activities

The main business activities of the company include: Trading beer, alcohol, soft drinks, and materials and equipment for the beer, alcohol, and soft drinks industries; Operating restaurants and hotels (excluding karaoke rooms, nightclubs, and bars); Freight transportation; Trading byproducts in beer production, including brewer's grain; Trading scrap and waste products from beer production; Business and leasing of factories, offices, warehouses, docks.

4, Normal Business Cycle

The company's normal business cycle is completed within no more than 12 months.

5, Corporate Structure

The company does not have investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, or affiliates, and does not have dependent branches at the end of the accounting period for financial statement preparation.

6, Statement on the Comparability of Financial Information

The company has not changed its accounting policies from the previous year, therefore, there is no impact on the comparability of the financial information in the financial statements.

II. FINANCIAL YEAR AND CURRENCY UNIT USED IN ACCOUNTING

1, Financial Year

The company's financial year starts on 01/01 and ends on 31/12 annually.

2, Currency Unit Used in Accounting

The currency unit used in accounting records is the Vietnamese Dong (VND)

III, APPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND POLICIES

1, Applied Accounting Policies

The company applies the Corporate Accounting System issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC ("Circular 200"), which provides guidelines for corporate accounting issued by the Ministry of Finance on December 22, 2014, and Circular 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016, amending and supplementing Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Financ.

2, Statement of Compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting Policies

The company has applied the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the relevant guidelines issued by the State. The financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with all the regulations of each standard, circulars guiding the implementation of the standards, and the current Accounting System for Enterprises in Vietnam.

IV, APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1, Foreign Exchange Rates Applied in Accounting

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Vietnamese Dong at the actual exchange rate at the time of the transaction. At the year-end, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies classified as assets are converted using the buying exchange rate, while monetary items classified as liabilities are converted using the selling exchange rate of the commercial bank with which the Company regularly transacts at the financial statement date.

Realized foreign exchange differences arising during the year and unrealized foreign exchange differences resulting from the revaluation of monetary items at year-end are recognized in the financial results of the fiscal year.

2, Recognition Principles for Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits, cash in transit, and short-term investments with maturities of no more than three months that are readily convertible into cash with minimal risk of value fluctuation from the purchase date to the reporting date.

3, Accounting Principles for Receivables

Receivables are presented in the financial statements at book value, including trade receivables and other receivables, net of allowances for doubtful debts.

The allowance for doubtful debts represents the estimated portion of receivables that the Company expects to be uncollectible as of the financial statement date. Any increase or decrease in this allowance is recorded as administrative expenses in the income statement.

Receivables are classified as short-term or long-term on the balance sheet based on the remaining term at the financial statement date:

- Receivables due within one year (or within one operating cycle) are classified as current assets.
- Receivables due beyond one year (or beyond one operating cycle) are classified as non-current assets.

4, Recognition Principles for Inventories

Inventories are recorded at historical cost. If the net realizable value is lower than the historical cost, the inventories are recorded at the net realizable value. The historical cost of inventories includes purchase costs, processing costs, and other directly attributable costs incurred to bring the inventories to their current location and condition.

The cost of inventories is determined using the weighted average method.

Inventories are accounted for using the perpetual inventory system.

A provision for inventory devaluation is recognized at the end of the reporting period for the difference between the historical cost of inventories and their net realizable value, if the latter is lower.



5, Recognition Principles for Investments

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized from the purchase date and initially measured at acquisition cost, including directly attributable transaction costs. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments after the purchase date is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis and upon cash receipt.

Investments in other entities represent equity instruments in which the Company does not have control, joint control, or significant influence over the investee.

At the reporting date, investments are classified as follows:

- Investments with a maturity or recoverability period of no more than three months from the purchase date are classified as "cash equivalents."
- Investments with a maturity or recoverability period of less than one year or within one operating cycle are classified as short-term assets.
- Investments with a maturity or recoverability period of more than one year or beyond one operating cycle are classified as long-term assets.

6, Recognition and Depreciation of Fixed Assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets are recognized at historical cost. During use, these assets are recorded at acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation, and carrying value.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Depreciation	Period (Year)	
Curent	Prior year	
05 – 25 years	05 – 25 years	
06 years	06 years	
03 - 05 years	03 - 05 years	
03 years	03 years	
03 years	03 years	
	Curent 05 – 25 years 06 years 03 – 05 years 03 years	

The historical cost of fixed assets and depreciation periods are determined according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013, issued by the Ministry of Finance, and other regulations regarding the management, use, and depreciation of fixed assets, as well as amended and supplemented documents.

7, Principles for recognizing and allocating prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses related to the production and business costs of the year are recognized as short term prepaid expenses and are included in the production and business costs of the year.

The calculation and allocation of long-term prepaid expenses into production and business costs for each accounting period are based on the nature and level of each type of expense, selecting appropriate allocation methods and criteria. Prepaid expenses are gradually allocated to production and business costs using the straight-line method.

8, Accounting principles for payables

Payables to suppliers and other payables at the reporting date:

- Payables with a payment term of less than 1 year or within one business cycle are classified as short-term liabilities,
- Payables with a payment term of more than 1 year or beyond one business cycle are classified as long-term liabilities.

9, Principles for recognizing trade payables and other payables

Trade payables and other payables at the reporting date are recognized as follows:

- Payables with a maturity of less than one year or within one operating cycle are classified as short-term liabilities,
- Payables with a maturity of more than one year or beyond one operating cycle are classified as long-term liabilities.

10, Principles for Recognizing Equity

Owner's investment capital is recognized based on the actual capital contributed by the owner.

Share premium is recognized as the difference between the actual issuance price and the par value of shares when the company issues shares for the first time, issues additional shares, or reissues treasury shares.

Dividends payable to shareholders are recognized as liabilities on the company's balance sheet after the dividend declaration by the Board of Directors.

11, Principles and Methods for Recognizing Revenue

Revenue from Sales

Revenue from sales is recognized when meet the conditions as follow:

- The majority of risks and rewards associated with ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer.
- The company no longer retains control over the goods as an owner or has management rights over them.
- The revenue can be measured reliably.
- The company has received or will receive the economic benefits from the sale.
- The cost of the transaction can be reliably determined.

Revenue from Service Provision

Revenue from service provision is recognized when the results of the transaction can be reliably measured. If service provision spans multiple periods, revenue is recognized based on the portion of the work completed by the balance sheet date of that period. The results of service transactions are recognized when meet the conditions as follow:

- Revenue can be reliably measured.
- Economic benefits are likely to be received from the transaction.
- The portion of work completed by the balance sheet date can be determined.
- The costs incurred in the transaction and those to complete the service provision can be determined.
- The work completed is assessed using the percentage-of-completion method.

Financial revenue

Financial revenue from interest, royalties, dividends, share of profits, and other financial activities is recognized when meet two conditions as follow:

- The company is likely to receive economic benefits from the transaction.
- The revenue can be reliably measured,
- Dividends and share of profits are recognized when the company becomes entitled to receive the dividend or profit from its investment.



O2 2025

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Next)

12, Principles for Recognizing Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold reflects the cost of goods and services sold during the period, as well as costs associated with investment property activities, such as depreciation, repairs, and operational leasing costs (when they are not significant).

Provisions for inventory write-down are included in COGS based on the quantity of inventory and the difference between its net realizable value and the original cost. When determining inventory write-down, inventory under contract for sale (with a net realizable value not lower than book value) is excluded if there is evidence that the customer will not cancel the contract.

13, Principles for Recognizing Financial Expenses

Financial expenses include: Expenses or losses related to financial investments; Borrowing costs; Losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations on foreign currency transactions; Provisions for impairment of securities and long-term financial investments,

These expenses are recognized in total for the period and are not offset against financial revenues.

14, Principles for Recognizing Selling Expenses and Administrative Expenses

Selling Expenses reflect actual costs incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and providing services. These include advertising, sales commissions, product warranty costs (excluding construction activities), and transportation costs,,,,

General and administrative expenses reflect the overall administrative costs of the company, including expenses related to salaries of management staff (wages, salaries, allowances, etc.); social insurance, health insurance, union fees, and unemployment insurance for administrative employees; costs of office supplies, work tools, and depreciation of fixed assets used for administrative purposes; land rent, business license tax; provision for doubtful debts; outsourced services (electricity, water, telephone, fax, property insurance, fire and explosion insurance, etc.); and other cash expenses (hospitality, customer conferences, etc.)

15, Principles and Methods for Recognizing Corporate Income Tax Expenses

Corporate income tax expenses recognized in the income statement include both current and deferred tax expenses.

Current tax expense is determined based on taxable income and the applicable corporate income tax rate for the period.

Deferred corporate income tax expense is determined based on deductible temporary differences, taxable temporary differences, and the corporate income tax rate expected to apply in the year when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, in accordance with the tax laws effective as of the end of the financial reporting period.

16, Segment Reporting

Segment reporting includes segments based on business or geographical areas.

Business Segments refer to distinguishable parts of the enterprise involved in producing or providing specific products or services, which face risks and rewards distinct from other business segments.

Geographical Segments refer to distinguishable parts of the enterprise operating in a particular economic environment, facing risks and rewards distinct from those in other geographical areas.

17, Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition

Initial Recognition

At initial recognition, financial assets are recognized at cost plus any transaction costs directly attributable to their acquisition.

Financial assets of the company include cash, short-term deposits, receivables, and investments.

Financial Liabilities

At initial recognition, financial liabilities are recognized at cost minus transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the financial liability.

Financial liabilities of the company include payables, loans, and borrowings.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset and presented net in the balance sheet when the company:

- Has a legal right to offset the recognized amounts; and
- Intends to settle on a net basis or simultaneously recognize the asset and settle the liability.

18, Related parties

Related parties are those in which one party has the ability to control or exert significant influence over the other party in making decisions regarding financial policies and operations. Related parties are also considered as such if they are under common control or share significant joint influence.

In assessing the relationship between related parties, the substance of the relationship is emphasized more than its legal form.

V. Additional Information for Items Presented in the Balance Sheet

1. Cash and cash equivalents

•	30/06/2025 VNÐ	01/01/2025 VNĐ
Cash on hand Bank demand deposits Cash equivalents (Time deposits with original maturity of up to 3 months)	19.445.199.415	8.258.746.114
Total	19.445.199.415	8.258.746.114

2. Financial Investments

a) Held - to - Maturity Investmens

	30/06/2025		01/01/2025	
	Original cost	Book value	Original cost	Book value
- Short – term	100.000.000.000	100.000.000.000	140.000.000.000	140.000.000.000

+ Time deposits 100.000.000 100.000.000.000 with original maturity of 6 months and 12 months

140.000.000.000 140.000.000.000

- Long - term

Total

100.000.000.000 100.000.000.000

140.000.000.000 140.000.000.000

b) Investments in other entities

	30/0	6/2025	01/0	01/2025
	Ownership percentage	Value (VND)	Ownership percentage	Value (VND)
Investment in shares		-		Ø .
Investment in other entities		7.500.000.000		7.500.000.000
- Ha Noi – Hung Yen 89 Beer Trading JSC (750,000 shares)	12,5%	7.500.000.000	12.5%	7.500.000.000
Total	<u> </u>	7.500.000.000	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	7.500.000.000
Provision for impairment of investment in other entities			I n the second s	=
Net Value	Water Company of the	7.500.000.000	Parameter (Principle)	7.500.000.000

^(*) Note: The company's voting rights in Hanoi-Hung Yen 89 Beer Trading JSC are proportional to its ownership interest in the company.

3. Short-term trade receiveables

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
a) Short-term		
NGUYEN KIEN GLOBAL Co., Ltd	1.202.654.830	777.135.915
Other trade receivables	418.018.500	29.534.067
b) Long-term		
Total	1.620.673.330	806.669.982

4. Other receivables

30/06/2025	01/01/2025
VND	VND
38.256.506.168	1.745.498.095
1.451.973	1.671.946.000
60.000.000	60.000.000
9.600.000	9.600.000
38.185.454.195	3.952.095
38.256.506.168	1.745.498.095
	VND 38.256.506.168 1.451.973 60.000.000 9.600.000 38.185.454.195



5. Inventories

Inventories				Unit: VND
	30/06/202	5	01/01/202	25
	Historical cost	Provision	Historical cost	Provision
Raw materials and	6.107.707			=
supplies Tools and equipment Goods Goods in transit	37.500.000 3.227.662.117		37.500.000 2.501.851.266	-
Total	3.271.269.824		2.539.351.266	-



183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Ba Dinh District, Ha Noi HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Next)

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Increase, decrease in tangible fixed assets	ed assets					Don vi tính: VNĐ
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation and transmission means	Management equipment and tools	Other fixed assets	Total
Historical cost of tangible fixed						
assets Opening balance	23.242.470.862	1.119.519.000	27.294.039.665	358.204.545	268.800.000	52.283.034.072
Increase during the period - New acquisitions	6 1	1	2.180.909.091	1 - 1		2.180.909.091
Decrease during the period		1,5	ľ	1	1	
- Disposals and sales Closing balance	23.242.470.862	1.119.519.000	29.474.948.756	358.204.545	268.800.000	54.463.943.163
Accumulated depreciation Opening balance Increase during the period	- 14.115.206.660 456.363.222	825.170.613 94.035.528	23.419.924.159 787.743.581	101.065.656	203.831.315 19.560.633	38.665.198.403 1.403.327.966
Decrease during the period - Disposals and sales Closing balance Net book value of tangible fixed	14.571.569.882	919.206.141	24.207.667.740	146.690.658	223.391.948	40.068.526.369
assets At the beginning of the period At the end of the period	9.127.264.202	294.348.387 200.312.859	3.874.115.506 5.267.281.016	257.138.889 211.513.887	64.968.685 45.408.052	13.617.835.669 14.395.416.794
* Notes:						

Nores:



⁻ The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets that are still in use at the end of the period is: 16.958.122.006 VND,

⁻ The net book value of tangible fixed assets pledged or mortgaged as collateral for loans at the end of the period is: 0 VND,

7. Increase, decrease in intangible fixed assets

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	Part some
Historical cost of intangible fixed assets	
Opening balance	1.829.648.000
Increase during the period	
Decrease during the period	
Closing balance	1.829.648.000
Accumulated amortization	
Opening balance	1.360.806.011
Amortization during the period	96.666.672
Decrease during the period	
Closing balance	
Net book value of intangible fixed assets	1.457.472.683
At the beginning of the period	468.841.989
At the end of the period	372.175.317

* Notes:

- The historical cost of intangible fixed assets that are fully amortized but still in use at the end of the period is: 1,249,648,000 VND
- The net book value of tangible fixed assets pledged or mortgaged as collateral for loans at the end of the period is: VND,

8. Prepaid Expenses

30/06/2025	01/01/2025
VND	VND
4.509.960.394	7.533.858.469
4.509.960.394	3.118.000.000
	4.415.858.469
41.558.303.348	27.590.426.720
37.435.509.471	22.684.452.197
2.827.454.990	4.905.974.523
1.295.338.887	
46.068.263.742	35.124.285.189
	4.509.960.394 4.509.960.394 41.558.303.348 37.435.509.471 2.827.454.990 1.295.338.887

Unit: VND	30/06/2025 Recoverable	Value	- 15.458.726.199	920 - 63.638.784 - 25.207.200 -	- 2.094.400.000 - 13.275.480.215	896 - 15.458.726.199 -	Payables for the Paid during the 30/06/2025 Period Period 1.867.394.213 411.555.061 514.832.331 575.420.077 411.555.061 1.291.974.136 1.291.974.136 102.172.570 102.172.570
9. Trade Payables		Value	a) Short-term	Sao Do Security Services Co., Ltd Hoan My Co., Ltd	Duc Minh Trading and Manufacturing Co., Ltd Other entities b) Long-ferm	Total Total	a) Payable Value Added Tax Special Consumption Tax Corporate Income Tax Personal Income Tax Other Taxes b) Receivable

11. Other Payables

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
a) Short-term	129.805.620.109	99.879.574.615
Trade Union Fund	743.324.626	553.644.745
Social Insurance and Health Insurance	30.138.500	35.738.500
Dividends Payable to Shareholders	12.207.214.910	2.865.114.910
Received Deposits and Collaterals	115.791.845.000	95.531.494.000
Other Payables	1.033.097.073	893.582.460
b) Long-term		
Total	129.805.620.109	99.879.574.615

c) Other Payables - Related Parties: See Note VII,1,

12, Equity

a) Statement of Changes in Equity

Statement of Changes in	Equity			
				Unit: VND
Items	Owner's Investment Capital	Development Investment Fund	Undistributed After-tax Profit	Total
Opening Balance of the Previous Year	31.230.000.000	18.270.645.124	19.474.314.923	68.974.960.047
Profit for the Year Appropriations to Funds from the			18.760.974.989	18.760.974.989
Previous Year's Profit Bonus Allocation to the Executive Board from				
the Previous Year's Profit				
Dividend Distribution from the Previous Year's Profit			(9.369.000.000)	(9.369.000.000)
Appropriations to Funds from the Previous Year's Profit Bonus Allocation to the Executive Board from			(1.281.893.595)	(1.281.893.595)
the Previous Year's Profit				
Closing Balance of the Previous Year	31.230.000.000	18.270.648.124	27.584.396.317	77.085.041.441
Opening Balance for the Period	31.230.000.000	18.270.648.124	27.584.396.317	77.085.041.441
Profit for the Period			3.398.504.852	3.398.504.852
Appropriation to Reward and Welfare Fund			(5.628.292.500)	(5.628.292.500)
Executive Board Bonus				
Dividend Distribution			(9.369.000.000)	(9.369.000.000)
Closing Balance for the Period	31.230.000.000	18.270.648.124	15.985.608.669	65.486.253.793

b)	Equity Transactions with Owners	30/06/2025 VND	%	01/01/2025 VND	%
	Hanoi Beer, Alcohol, Beverage JSC	18.738.000.000	60%	18.738.000.000	60%
	Other Shareholders	12.492.000.000	40%	12.492.000.000	40%
	Total	31.230.000.000	100%	31.230.000.000	100%
c)	Equity Transactions with Owners				
			30/06/2025 VND		01/2025 VND
	Owner's Equity Investment Opening Contribution Increase in Equity Contribution	31.2	30.000.000	31.230.	000.000
	Decrease in Equity Contribution Closing Equity Contribution	31.2	30.000.000	31.230.	-000.000
d)	Shares		30/06/2025 VND		01/2025 VND
	Number of Shares Registered for Issu	iance	3.123.000	3.	123.000
	Number of Shares Sold to the Public		3.123.000	3.	123.000
	Ordinary SharesPreferred Shares		3.123.000	3.	123.000
	Number of Shares Repurchased - Ordinary Shares				-
	 Preferred Shares Number of Shares Outstanding Ordinary Shares Preferred Shares 		3.123.000 3.123.000		123.000 123.000
	Par Value of Outstanding Shares: 10.00	00 VND (Ten thousan	id VND)		
VI,	Additional information for items pres	sented in the Income	e Statemen	t	
1.	Gross revenue from goods sold and so				
			01/04/2025 30/06/2025 VND	to 30/0	04/2024 06/2024 VND
	Revenue from goods sold Revenue from services provided		40.532.321 53.161.273	457.174. 28.731.	
	Total	504.7	93.693.594	485.905.7	89.752
	Revenue from goods sold and services	provided to related pa	arties: See n	iote VII.1.	
	2. Cost of goods sold	F	01/01/2025	E 01/	04/2024

From 01/01/2025

to 30/06/2025

From 01/04/2024

to 30/06/2024

		VND	VND
,	Cost of goods sold	478.765.504.857	431.829.857.430
ĝ	Cost of Services Provided	228.181.611	12.425.892.047
	Total	478.993.686.468	444.255.749.477
3,	Financial Income		
5,	rmanciai income	From 01/04/2025	From 01/04/2024
		to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
		VND	VND
N	Interest Income from Deposits and Loans Dividends and Shared Profits	1.081.842.445	195.167.553
	Total	1.081.842.445	195.167.553
4.	Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		
	8),	From 01/04/2025	From 01/04/2024
		to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
		VND	VND
	a) Selling Expenses	48.165.443.724	20.963.043.380
	Employee Salaries	8.579.945.436	2.652.826.741
	Raw Materials, Tools, and Supplies	4.284.507.215	
	Depreciation of Fixed Assets	194.726.946	73.098.714
	Outsourced Services	25.330.230.861	1.739.598.978
	Other Expenses	9.776.033.266	16.497.518.947
	b) General and Administrative Expenses	7.305.651.077	5.933.551.849
	Administrative Staff Salaries	4.469.080.356	3.076.832.525
	Office Supplies and Tools		33.976.667
	Depreciation of Fixed Assets	304.213.367	261.334.254
	Outsourced Services	1.584.299.113	1.799.736.800
	Other Expenses	948.058.241	761.671.603
5.	Other incom		
		From 01/04/2025	From 01/04/2024
		to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
	1000	VND	VND
	Proceeds from Disposal of Fixed Assets	343.196.947	428.774.338
	Other Income	32.015.490.102	
	Total	32.358.687.049	428.774.338
6.	Other Expenses		
		From 01/04/2025	From 01/04/2024
		to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
	European on Toy Administrative Design	VND	VND
	Expenses on Tax Administrative Penalties		4.513.410
	Total		-

7, Production and Business Expenses by Element

	From 01/04/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/04/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Raw materials, supplies, and tools expenses	4.284.507.215	2.713.422.836
Labor expenses	13.049.025.792	9.731.796.500
Depreciation of fixed assets	498.940.313	520.012.233
Outsourced service expenses	7.270.784.912	9.098.065.157
Other expenses	30.367.836.569	17.259.190.550
Total	55.471.094.801	39.322.487.276

VII. OTHER INFORMATIONS

Information on Related Parties

During the period, the Company engaged in transactions with related parties. The main transactions were as follows:

Related parties	Relationship	Transaction Details	From 01/04/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	Unit: VND From 01/04/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Purchase of goods: Hanoi Beer, Alcohol, and Beverage JSC	Parent company	Purchase of goods Leasing of premises KEG repair	471.675.562.900 782.159.400	430.670.793.200 782.159.400
Habeco Trading Co., Ltd			56.157.676	158.834.460

Ha Noi, date 10 month 7 year 2025

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN THƯƠNG MẠ BIA HÀ NÔI

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Nguyen Cao Tuong

Nguyen Van Minh

